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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/736,661	12/16/2003		Michael W. Sheperek	TI-36723	6306
23494	7590	02/24/2005		EXAM	INER
TEXAS IN	STRUM	ENTS INCORPOR	NORMAN, MARC E		
P O BOX 655474, M/S 3999 DALLAS, TX 75265				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,				3744	
				DATE MAILED: 02/24/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/736,661	SHEPEREK ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Marc E. Norman	3744					
The MAILING DATE of this communication	on appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address					
Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicat - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by	ION. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a region. s, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON a statute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	e mailing date of this communication, even if t	imely filed, may reduce any					
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on	16 December 2003.						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ∑	This action is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) <u>1-3,6-11,14-18 and 20-24</u> is/are 7) Claim(s) <u>4,5,12,13 and 19</u> is/are objected 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	thdrawn from consideration. rejected. d to.						
Application Papers							
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Extended The drawing(s) filed on 16 December 2000 Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the control of the c	0.3 is/are: a) \square accepted or b) \square to the drawing(s) be held in abeyan correction is required if the drawing(ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International E * See the attached detailed Office action for	uments have been received. uments have been received in A e priority documents have been Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)		·					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-93) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12/16/03. 	48) Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413))/Mail Date Iformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 					

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-3, 6-8, 10, 11, 14-18, and 20-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Hsu.

As per claims 1 and 16, Hsu discloses a method of sensing and controlling the temperature of resistive element of a magnetic storage device comprising detecting a voltage across the element (paragraphs [0011], [0013], [0018], [0059], [0089], [0125] etc.), comparing the voltage to a reference value (paragraphs [0055], [0063] – [0065], [0068], [0091], etc), and altering the power applied to the resistive element to control the temperature (compensation steps of paragraphs [0053], [0060], [0065], etc.). While Hsu does not specifically state that the system is used for a read/write head, this is simply a matter of intended use within the preamble of the claim, and is thus not accorded patentable weight. (For the record, as discussed below, such intended use would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art as an alternative application of the system of Hsu in view of the teachings of Wickramasinghe et al. (U.S. Patent 6,433,310) regarding using a voltage drop for the purpose of thermal sensing of read/write heads (see Figures 1A, 1B, 2A, 2B, column 8, lines 16-23, etc.)).

As per claims 2 and 17, Hsu discloses the resistive element being a temperature sensing material (paragraph [0129], etc.).

As per claims 3 and 18, Hsu discloses magneto-resistive, giant magneto-resistive, and tunneling materials (paragraph [0015]).

As per claims 6, 7, 20, and 21, Hsu discloses altering either voltage or current (paragraphs [0069] and [0070]).

As per claims 8 and 24, Hsu discloses first resistive elements 136, second resistive element 135, wherein the detecting, comparing, and altering steps are performed on the second element as described above regarding claim 1, and wherein the temperature of the first resistive element is thereby affected (paragraphs [0128] – [0231]).

As per claim 10, Hsu discloses the second resistive element being a temperature sensing material (paragraph [0129], etc.).

As per claim 11, see similar claim 3, above.

As per claims 14 and 15, again Hsu discloses altering either voltage or current (paragraphs [0069] and [0070]) of the temperature sensing (i.e., second) resister.

As per claims 22 and 23, Hsu discloses temperature compensation circuitry/software 121).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

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having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hsu.

As per claim 9, Hsu does not specifically teach the first resistor being a read or write transducer, or a heating element. Official notice is taken that these are simply other applications to which the basic method of Hsu may be applied that would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made for the purpose of similarly controlling the temperature of such elements (see for example Figures 1A, 1B, 2A, 2B, column 8, lines 16-23, etc. of Wickramasinghe et al. (U.S. Patent 6,433,310)).

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 4, 5, 12, 13, and 19 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marc E. Norman whose telephone number is 571-272-4812. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri., 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Denise Esquivel can be reached on 571-272-4808. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MN

MARC NORMAN
PRIMARY EXAMINER